



MCSA for Windows 10

Exam 70-698 Installing and Configuring Windows 10

Version 14.75 (120 Questions)

Microsoft
CERTIFIED

Solutions Associate

Windows 10

(70-698) Installing & Configuring Windows 10

QUESTION 1

You have a computer named Computer1 that has the following stored credentials.

- A Windows credential for accessing a shared folder on a workgroup computer
- A Windows credential for accessing Remote Desktop
- A Windows credential for accessing an HTTP URL
- A web credential for accessing an HTTPS URL
- A web credential for accessing an HTTP URL

Which two passwords can be viewed in clear text from Credential Manager on Computer1?

- A. the web credential for accessing the HTTPS URL
- B. the Windows credential for accessing the shared folder
- C. the Windows credential for accessing the HTTP URL
- D. the Windows credential for accessing Remote Desktop
- E. the web credential for accessing the HTTP URL

Answer: BD

Explanation:

<http://www.digitalcitizen.life/credential-manager-where-windows-stores-passwords-other-login-details>

QUESTION 2

You have a computer named Computer1 that is configured to install updates from Windows Server Update Services (WSUS).

Microsoft releases a new Windows update that is not approved in WSUS. You need to install the update on Computer1.

What should you do?

- A. From a command prompt, run `gpupdate /force /sync`.
- B. Click Check online for updates from Microsoft Updates, and then check for updates.
- C. Clear the defer upgrades check box, and then check for updates.
- D. From Windows PowerShell, run the `Get-WindowsUpd ateLog` cmdlet, and then run the `Update- Module` cmdlet.

Answer: C

Explanation:

<http://www.howtogeek.com/223083/what-does-%E2%80%9Cdefer-upgrades%E2%80%9D-in-windows-10-mean/>

QUESTION 3

You purchase licenses for several apps from the Windows Store and you list the apps in your Windows Store for Business. You need to tell users how to install the apps. What should you instruct the users to use?

- A. a web browser and a Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) account
- B. a web browser and a Microsoft account
- C. the Windows Store app and a Microsoft account
- D. the Windows Store app and a Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) account

Answer: D

Explanation:

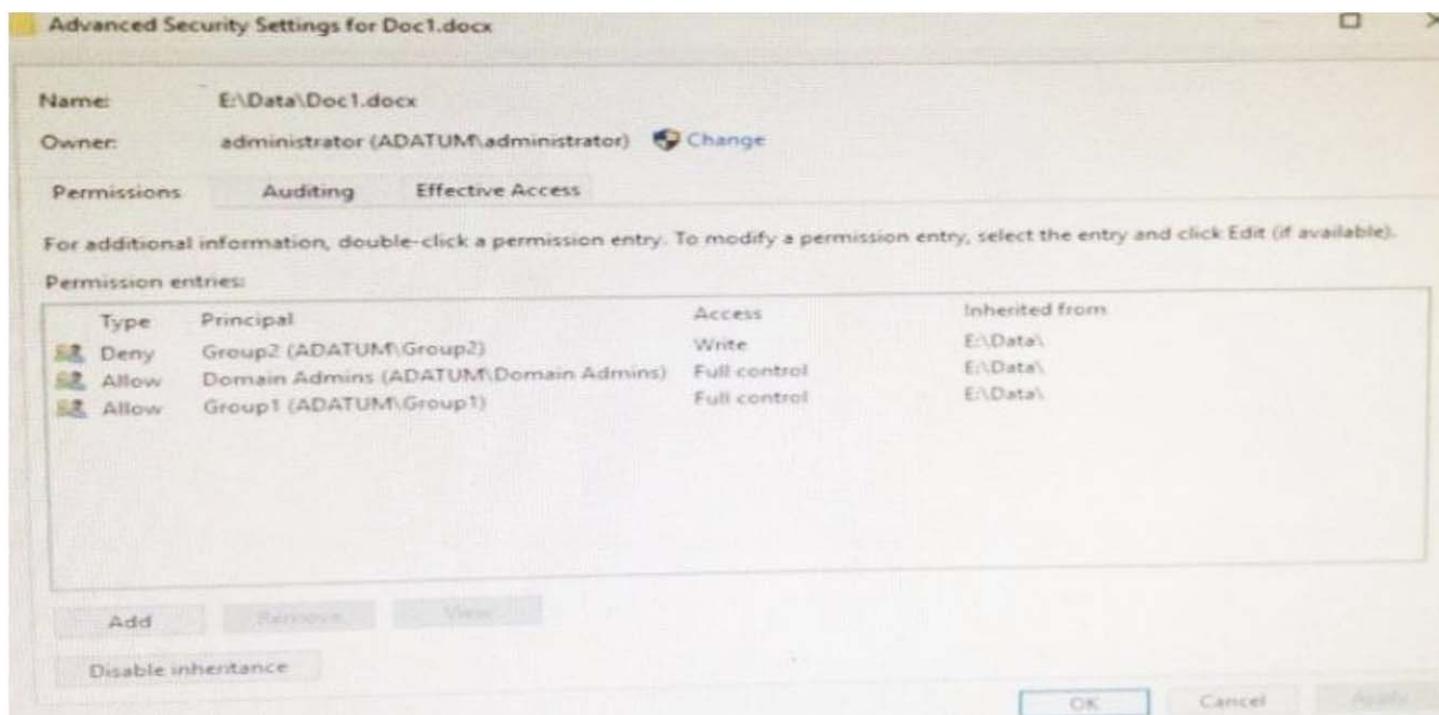
<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/itpro/windows/manage/distribute-apps-from-your-private-store>

QUESTION 4

You have a computer named Computer1.

A user named User1 is a member of two groups named Group1 and Group2. You have a file named Doc1.docx that is located in E:\Data.

The file permissions for E:\Data\Doc1.docx are configured as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)



You need to provide User1 with Write access to Doc1.docx. What should you do?

- A. Grant User1 Full control access to folder E:\Data.
- B. Remove User1 from Group2 and instruct the user to sign out, and then sign back in.
- C. Grant User1 Full control access to the E:\Data\Doc1.docx file, disable inheritance for the file, and then convert the inherited permissions to explicit permissions for the file.
- D. Grant User1 Write access to folder E.

Answer: D

Explanation: <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb727008.aspx>

QUESTION 5

You have a laptop that has a high resolution display.

The Change the size of text, apps, and other items setting is set to 175%. You install a desktop application name App1.

When you start App1, the visual elements are misaligned, and the application interface does not appear as expected.

You need to ensure that App1 is displayed properly without affecting how other applications are displayed.

What should you do?

- A. Create an AppX package for App1.
- B. Configure an AppLocker rule for App1.
- C. Modify the Compatibility settings of App1.
- D. Run App1 as an administrator.

Answer: A

Explanation: <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh454036.aspx#ImageSize>

QUESTION 6

Hotspot Question

You have a computer named Computer1 that has a shared folder named Share1. Share1 has the permissions configured as shown in the following table.

Service principal name (SPN)	NTFS permission	Share permission
User1	Read	Change
User2	Modify	Full control
User3	Modify	None

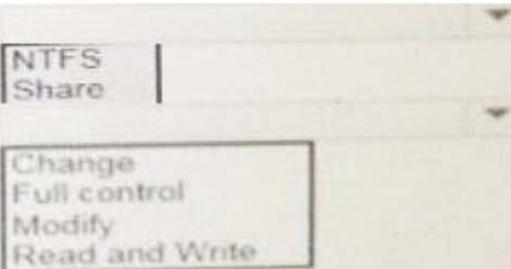
You need to ensure that User1 can change files in Share1.

User1 must be prevented from deleting files created by other users.

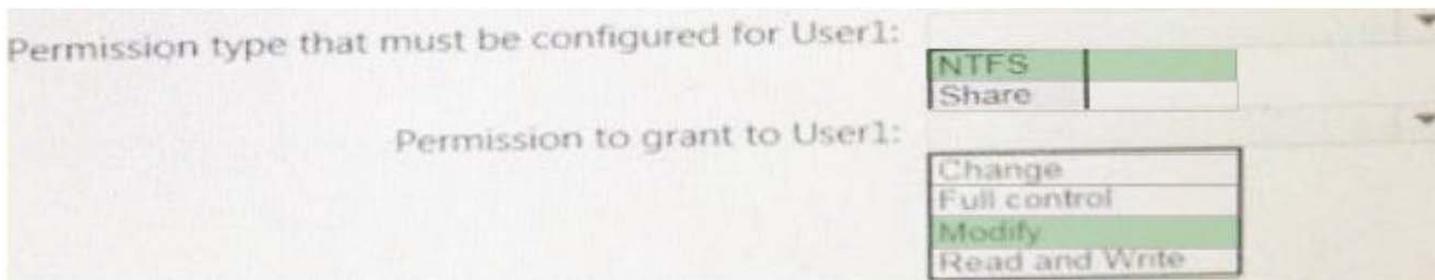
How should you configure the permissions? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Permission type that must be configured for User1:

Permission to grant to User1:



Answer:



QUESTION 7

You have a laptop named Computer1 that runs Windows 10.

Computer1 connects to a wireless network named WiFi1 and a wireless network named WiFi2. Wifi1 has poor signal and the connection drops frequently.

Wifi2 is available only during certain times of the day. Wifi2 has a stronger signal that is more reliable than Wifi1.

You need to configure Computer1 to use WiFi2 whenever possible. Wifi1 should be used when WiFi2 is unavailable.

Which three settings should you configure? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. From the properties of WiFi2, select Connect even if the network is not broadcasting its name (SSID)
- B. From the properties of WiFi1, select Connect automatically when this network is in range.
- C. From the properties of WiFi1, select Enable WLAN connection settings.
- D. From the properties of WiFi2, select Connect automatically when this network is in range.
- E. From the properties of WiFi1, select Look for other wireless networks while connected to this network.
- F. From the properties of WiFi2, select Look for other wireless networks while connected to this network.

Answer: CDF

QUESTION 8

You have a computer named Computer1 that runs Windows 10.

On Computer1, C:\Folder1 has the permissions configured as shown in the following table. You share C:\Fotder1 as Folder1 and you grant access to the Everyone group.

Folder1 has the following share settings.

```
ShareState           : Online
AvailabilityType     : NonClustered
ShareType            : FileSystemDirectory
FolderEnumerationMode : AccessBased
CachingMode         : Manual
SmbInstance         : Default
CATimeout           : 0
ConcurrentUserLimit  : 0
EncryptData         : False
Name                : Folder1
Path                : C:\Folder1
Scoped              : False
ScopeName           : *
SecurityDescriptor   : O:BAD:DUD:(A;;;0x1200a9;;;WD)
```

What level of access does User1 have to Folder1?

- A. User1 cannot see the Folder1 share on the network and cannot connect to Folder1.
- B. User1 can see the Folder1 share on the network and can connect to Folder1.
- C. User1 cannot see the Folder1 share on the network but can connect to Folder1.
- D. User1 can see the Folder1 share on the network but cannot connect to Folder1.

Answer: B

QUESTION 9

Your company uses a Windows Store for Business that contains an app named App1. You have three computers that are prevented from accessing the Internet.

You need to distribute App1 to the three computers.

What are two possible ways to achieve the goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. a provisioning package created by using Windows Imaging and Configuration Designer
- B. A deployment from Microsoft Intune.
- C. A deployment from Windows Deployment Services (WDS)
- D. an AppX package deployed by using Deployment Imaging Servicing and Management (DISM)
- E. an answer file created by using Windows System Image Manager (Windows SIM)

Answer: DE

Explanation:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/itpro/windows/deploy/windows-deployment-scenarios-and-tools>

QUESTION 10

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your network contains a single Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains two computers named Computer1 and Computer2.

A user named User1 is a member of the local Administrators group on Computer1 and Computer2. User1 fails to remotely manage the devices on Computer2 by using Device Manager on Computer1. User1 can connect to Computer2 remotely by using Computer Management.

You need to ensure that User1 can disable a device on Computer2 remotely. Solution: You modify the Windows Firewall settings on Computer2.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation: [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc766438\(v=ws.11\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc766438(v=ws.11).aspx)

QUESTION 11

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your network contains a single Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains two computers named Computer1 and Computer2.

A user named User1 is a member of the local Administrators group on Computer1 and Computer2. User1 fails to remotely manage the devices on Computer2 by using Device Manager on Computer1. User1 can connect to Computer2 remotely by using Computer Management.

You need to ensure that User1 can disable a device on Computer2 remotely.

Solution: You enable Remote Desktop on Computer2, and you instruct User1 to use Remote Desktop.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation: [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc766438\(v=ws.11\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc766438(v=ws.11).aspx)